Delaware has enacted 6 abortion restrictions and has the third highest number of supportive policies in the country, along with 3 other states. State legislators should continue passing policies that are known to support women and children instead of enacting harmful abortion restrictions.

1. Ambulatory surgical center standards imposed on facilities providing abortion
2. Hospital privileges or alternative arrangement required for abortion providers
3. Restriction on which health care providers may provide abortions
4. Gestational age limit for abortion set by law
5. Medication abortion restrictions
6. Method abortion bans
7. Restrictions on abortion coverage in Medicaid
8. Restrictions on abortion coverage in private health insurance plans
9. Restrictions on abortion coverage in public employee health insurance plans
10. Restrictions on the allocation of public funds
11. Mandatory counseling prior to abortion
12. Parental involvement required before a minor obtains an abortion
13. Requirement to have or be offered an ultrasound
14. Waiting periods required between time of first appointment and abortion
15. Bans on the basis of sex, race, or fetal diagnosis
16. Number of abortion providers per women aged 15-44 is below the national average
17. Health care providers can refuse to provide abortion services
18. Trigger and/or pre-Roe abortion bans
19. Affordable Care Act Medicaid expansion
20. Telephone, online, and/or administrative renewal of Medicaid/CHIP
21. Above average Title X funding per patient
22. Contraceptive parity law in place
23. IVF insurance or fertility preservation laws
24. Medicaid income limit for pregnant women is at least 200% of the federal poverty line
25. Expanded family/medical leave beyond the FMLA
26. Maternal mortality review board established
27. Reasonable accommodations for pregnant workers
28. Restrictions on shackling pregnant prisoners
29. Paid sick leave
30. Workplace lactation rights beyond the federal requirements
31. Children can enroll in CHIP with no waiting period
32. Children in CHIP can begin at age 6
33. High school students are eligible for CHIP
34. Districts must provide full-day kindergarten
35. HIV education mandate
36. Sex education mandate
37. Physical education for elementary, middle, and high school
38. Above average Title X funding per patient
39. Worksite lactation rights beyond the federal requirements
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50. Worksite lactation rights beyond the federal requirements

Indicators are updated through 2019 or the most recent year data was available.